



SSDC Plenary meeting

## Current activity of ESTEP: Contribution to the low-carbon Economy and Recovery Plan

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Five RTD programmes and a horizontal programme to meet the ESTEP's ambition

- Safe, clean and energy-efficient technologies
- Rational use of Energy & residues management
- Appealing steel solution for end-users: Automotive
- Appealing steel solution for end-users: Construction
- Appealing steel solution for end-users: Energy
- Attract & retained qualified people: horizontal programme





How steel will contribute to the future EU low-carbon economy and PPP\* initiatives

- With energy savings, recycling of products, breakthrough technologies (e.g ULCOS) and light-weight products the steel industry offers a complete set of long term solutions to contribute to the low-carbon economy
  - Through innovation initiatives, the steel sector will be a key partner in the PPP initiatives of the EU Recovery Plan

PPP=Private Public Partnership





## Sustainable and lean-energy processes, strong customer-oriented R&D

- Scale-free and energy-efficient processes
- Sustainable use of resources
- Ultra-low steelmaking (ULCOS)
- Intelligent manufacturing (with MANUFUTURE)
- Energy-efficient building (with ECTP)
- Lightweight steel solutions for the Automotive Industry (EUCAR and ERTRAC)
- Advanced steel solutions for Energy production and transportation (Wind Platform)







## Sustainable use of resources programme





## Sustainable use of resources: Recovery of wastes is key issue

• What enters and what leaves the steel mill represents several times the mass of steel itself







## Several projects to address the sustainable use of resources...

Foresight vision of resources

Inventory of resources (MFA,SRA)

Methodology for sustainability assessement

Global Warming

Air quality

**Biodiversity** 

Water

**Increase energy efficiency** Improve, integrate Energy networks









 Towards ULCOS phase 2: 4 possible routes will be further investigated. Three of them require CCS (carbon capture and storage)







### Towards industrial demonstration

- The Top Gas Recycling Blast Furnace (TGR-BF) is the most promising and the quickest available technology
- ESTEP's Steering Committee decided to support a pilot and demonstration project to demonstrate its technical and economic viability





## **TGR-BF** pilot & demonstrator

- ArcelorMittal will be launching a comprehensive programme, part of ULCOS II, to scale-up the process and demonstrate it at a scale suitable for further quick and risk-free deployment – beyond 2020.
- the programme will include 2 steps and 2 dimensions:
  - 1<sup>st</sup> step scales up the TGR-BF concept to the size of a small production Blast Furnace (Ø 6.1m, 550 kt/y), at BF#3 of Eisenhüttenstadt AM plant. No storage yet. PILOT.
  - 2<sup>nd</sup> step scales up further to P6 Blast Furnace in Florange AM plant (Ø 8.5 m, 1,400 kt/y). DEMONSTRATOR.
  - storage of CO<sub>2</sub> in a nearby deep saline aquifer planned in parallel and built up to connect with the BF experiments and their timeline (2<sup>nd</sup> dimension).
- programme supported by two coordinated consortia:
  - the TGR-BF consortium, stemming from ULCOS I's consortium
  - the storage consortium, focused on storage in the Lorraine area





# • Steel will contribute to the 3 PPP initiatives of the Recovery Plan





## •Factories of the future Intelligent Manufacturing roadmap

#### "Towards the process industry lean factory of the 21st century"







#### Energy-efficient building

Brussels, May 26 2009





### **Roadmap Timelines**

- Short Term (2010/2) concentrates on energy-saving technologies in service systems, renovation methodologies of at least 20% saving and advanced façade systems
- **Medium term –** adapted green technologies with passive and active systems for future compliance and optimization
- By 2016 steel solutions are available for zero carbon new buildings and suited to MMC
- **To 2020,** the steel construction sector foresee technical solutions that fulfil the EU energy-efficiency requirements, low-intrusive renovation technologies leading to reduction of 50% of existing buildings as well as well-covering uptake of ICT in business and design and building (BIM)
- **2020 and beyond** holistic integrated approach to micro generating technology leads to energy generation on a mass scale
- 2050 Interactive and Intelligent contributory buildings





#### • Automotive: Steel partner of "green transportation vehicles"

Steering Committee Brussels, March 5, 2009





## Steel a key element in the value chain of green transportation vehicles







#### Aims: From light vehicles to light environmentally enhanced vehicles (LEEV)

#### **Vehicles of the Future**

#### **Contribution of "Steel"**



Steering Committee Brussels, March 5, 2009





 High performance steels for Energy exploration, production and transportation



# Steel is used for many application for energy production

- Oil & Gas(exploration, production, transportation)
  -SAPCO2 submitted to FP7 (safe pipeline for CO2 transportation in Europe)
- Power Generation (ultra-super critical nuclear)
- Renewables

EUROPEAN COMMISSION

(Wind Farms)











Strong emphasis on « people »:

The "people" WG5 is developing an ambitious and dynamic policy

- Analysis of attracting and recruiting in the European steel industry
- Toolbox and exchange of best practices
- Proposal "steel cities" submitted to the Leonardo da Vinci EU programme in Feb. 2009
- Communication:
  - -ESTEP presented at the 16<sup>th</sup> "Students day" in Ostrava (April 23/25)
  - -Warsaw follow up "Talent Management", to be held in Düsseldorf as soon as possible in 2010
  - -1<sup>st</sup> steel spring school in April 2011?







- Steel industry offers a set of solutions to meet the the long term needs of the EU low-carbon economy and solutions for the short term Recovery Plan
- The long term research vision of ESTEP (SRA) has been updated to reinforce the development of breakthrough technologies (i.e ULCOS II) and customer-focused R&D programmes
- Ambitious "people" programmes are being carried out.