

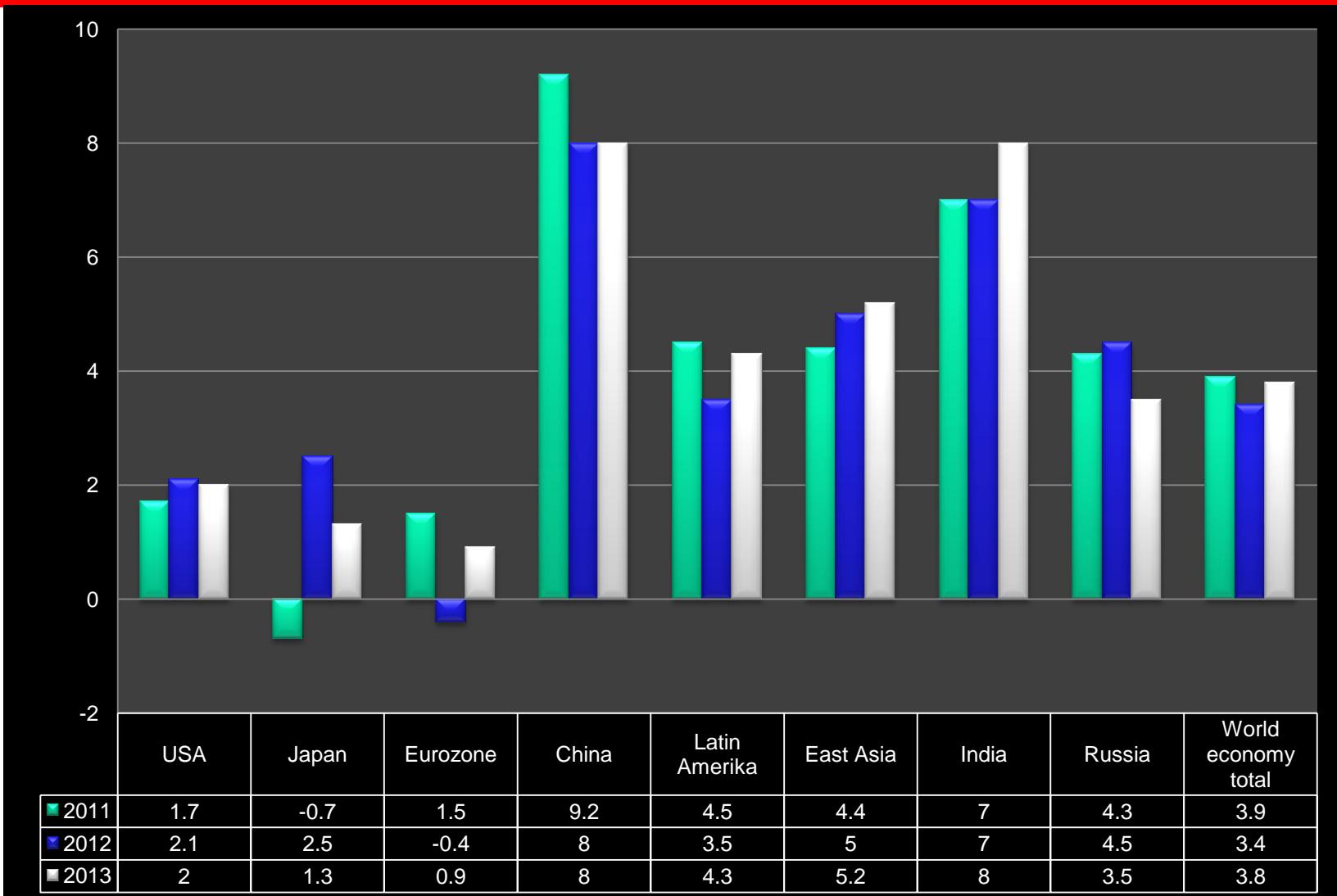
## Status of the world car industry



Automotive Working Group Meeting  
St-Petersburg, Russia, 11-13 September 2012

- ➡ Current situation of the car industry
- ➡ Mid- and longterm developments

# World economy forecast 2012 / 13

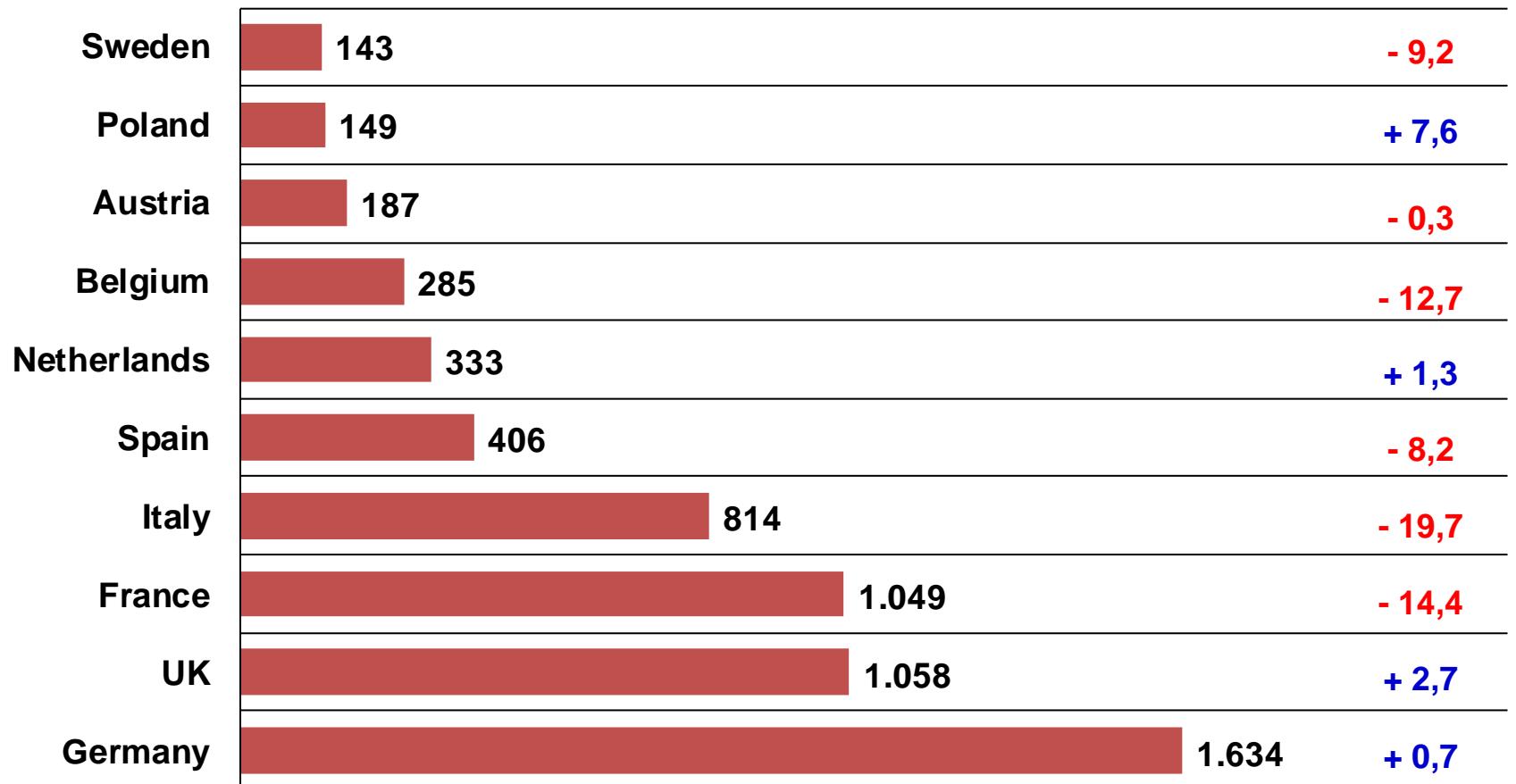


# Car registrations europa jan – June 2012

numbers x1000

Total market: 6.896 - minus 6,3

+ / - % 'prev. year



source: ACEA



| Vorstand 02

# market development europe

## jan – june 2012 to jan – june 2007

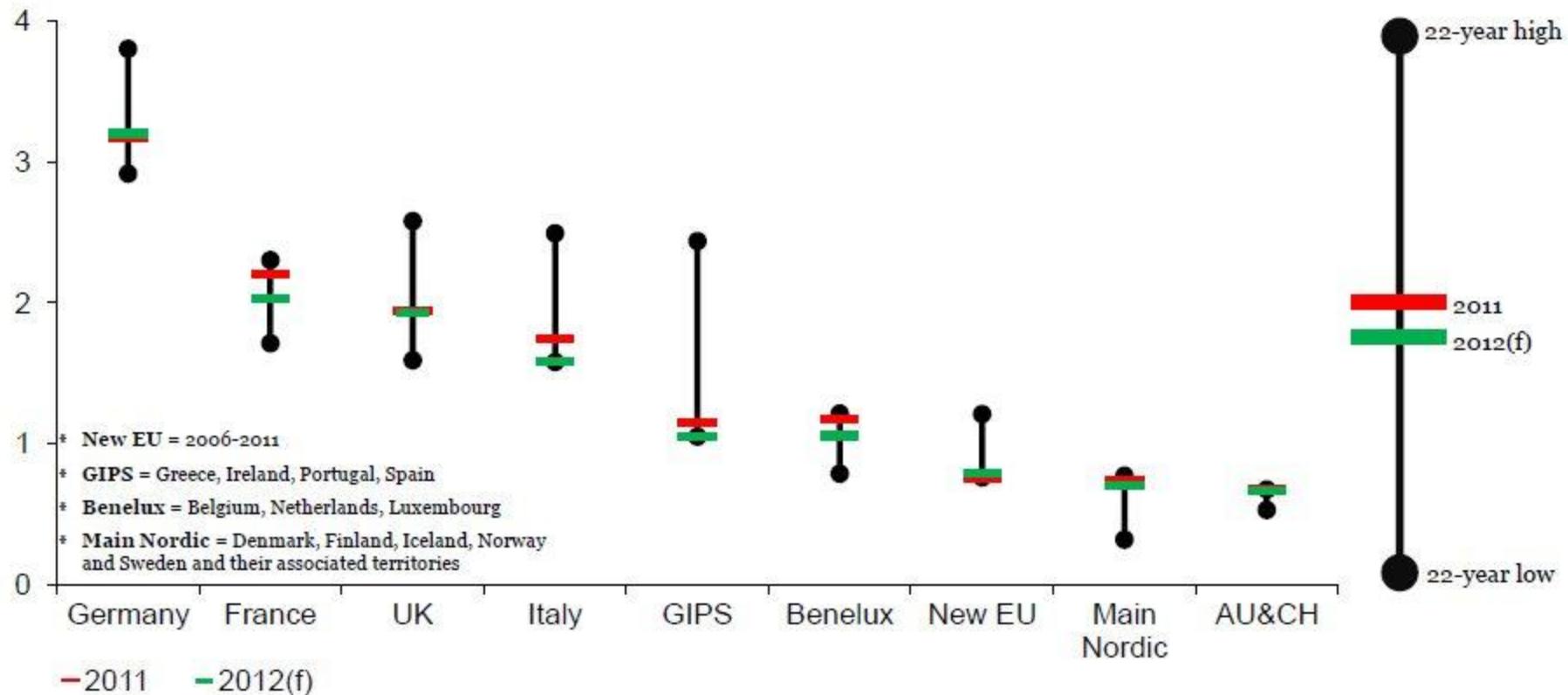
	2012		2007		registrations	market share
	share %	registrations	share %	registrations	2007 vs. 2012	2007 vs. 2012
<b>Markt</b>		<b>6.896.348</b>		<b>8.516.006</b>	<b>-19,0%</b>	
VW Group	24,1	1.660.168	19,5	1.663.769	-0,2%	<b>4,6</b>
VOLKSWAGEN	12,7	872.524	10,0	849.147	2,8%	2,7
AUDI	5,5	377.669	4,2	353.971	6,7%	1,3
SEAT	2,0	138.977	2,4	204.776	-32,1%	<b>-0,4</b>
SKODA	3,9	269.479	3,0	253.119	6,5%	0,9
PSA Group	12,0	827.163	13,2	1.127.594	-26,6%	<b>-1,2</b>
RENAULT Group	8,5	583.145	8,7	742.631	-21,5%	<b>-0,2</b>
OPEL/VAUXHALL	6,8	467.937	8,5	728.104	-35,7%	<b>-1,7</b>
FORD	7,7	532.819	8,3	705.535	-24,5%	<b>-0,6</b>
FIAT Group	6,6	456.191	8,2	696.254	-34,5%	<b>-1,6</b>
BMW Group	6,1	420.820	5,0	422.773	-0,5%	<b>1,1</b>
DAIMLER	5,1	349.312	4,9	418.984	-16,6%	<b>0,2</b>
TOYOTA Group	4,3	294.593	6,0	507.471	-41,9%	<b>-1,7</b>
NISSAN	3,5	238.604	1,8	157.270	51,7%	<b>1,7</b>
HYUNDAI	3,4	232.454	1,8	156.566	48,5%	<b>1,6</b>
KIA	2,5	173.232	1,5	130.933	32,3%	<b>1,0</b>

source: ACEA

# Europe: new car registration variance

1991 - 2012

Europe: Registration Variance\*  
1991 – 2012(f) Peak and trough (millions)

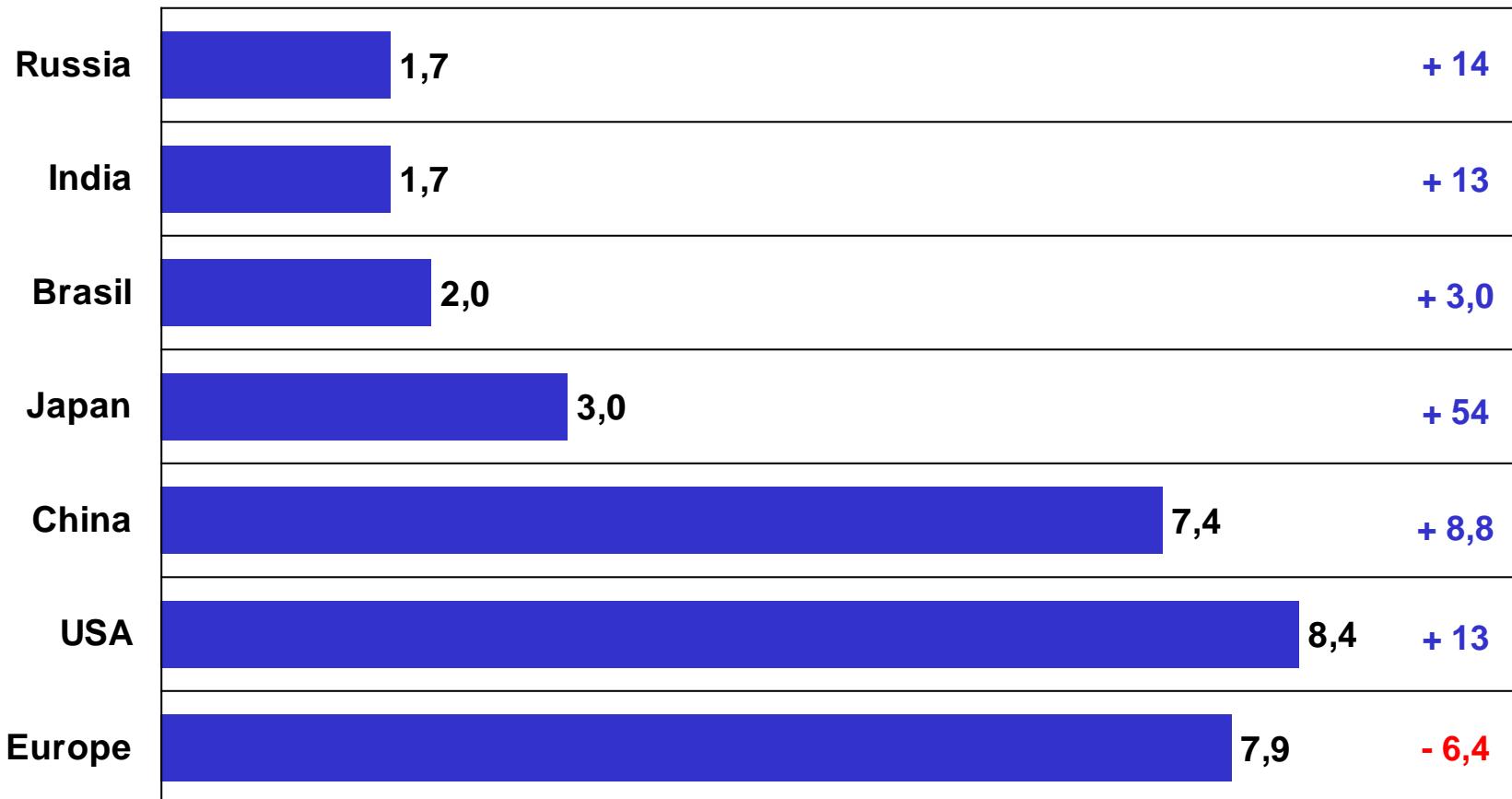


source: PWC

# New car registrations world jan – july 2012

x1.000.000

+ / - % 'prev. year



source: VDA

# market forecast 2012

x1.000.000

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	+/- in %
<b>Europe (EU + EFTA)</b>	<b>16,0</b>	<b>14,7</b>	<b>14,5</b>	<b>13,8</b>	<b>13,6</b>	<b>12,9</b>	<b>-5</b>
Germany	3,1	3,1	3,8	2,9	3,2	3,2	0
France	2,1	2,1	2,3	2,3	2,2	1,9	-12
UK	2,4	2,1	2,0	2,0	1,9	1,9	0
Italy	2,5	2,2	2,2	2,0	1,7	1,5	-12
Spain	1,6	1,2	1,0	1,0	0,8	0,7	-8
<b>Russia*</b>	<b>2,5</b>	<b>2,9</b>	<b>1,5</b>	<b>1,9</b>	<b>2,6</b>	<b>3,0</b>	<b>14</b>
<b>North Amerika*</b>	<b>18,9</b>	<b>15,9</b>	<b>13,1</b>	<b>14,6</b>	<b>16,0</b>	<b>17,1</b>	<b>7</b>
USA*	16,1	13,2	10,4	11,6	12,8	13,8	8
<b>South Amerika</b>	<b>3,4</b>	<b>3,5</b>	<b>3,9</b>	<b>4,2</b>	<b>4,5</b>	<b>4,5</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Asia Pacific</b>	<b>14,7</b>	<b>15,3</b>	<b>18,0</b>	<b>22,0</b>	<b>22,8</b>	<b>25,0</b>	<b>10</b>
China	5,1	5,7	8,4	11,3	12,2	13,0	6
Japan	4,4	4,2	3,9	4,2	3,5	4,4	25
India	1,2	1,6	1,8	2,4	2,5	2,7	7
<b>Rest</b>	<b>3,5</b>	<b>3,6</b>	<b>4,3</b>	<b>4,5</b>	<b>5,0</b>	<b>5,2</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>total</b>	<b>58,9</b>	<b>55,9</b>	<b>55,3</b>	<b>61,0</b>	<b>64,5</b>	<b>67,7</b>	<b>5</b>

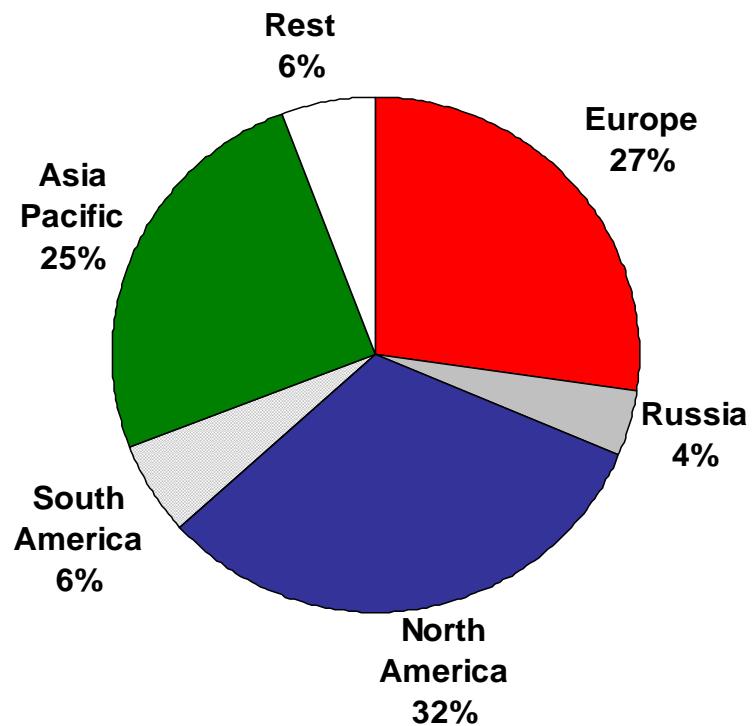
\* inkl. Light Trucks

source: OEM's, VDA, KBA, IG Metall

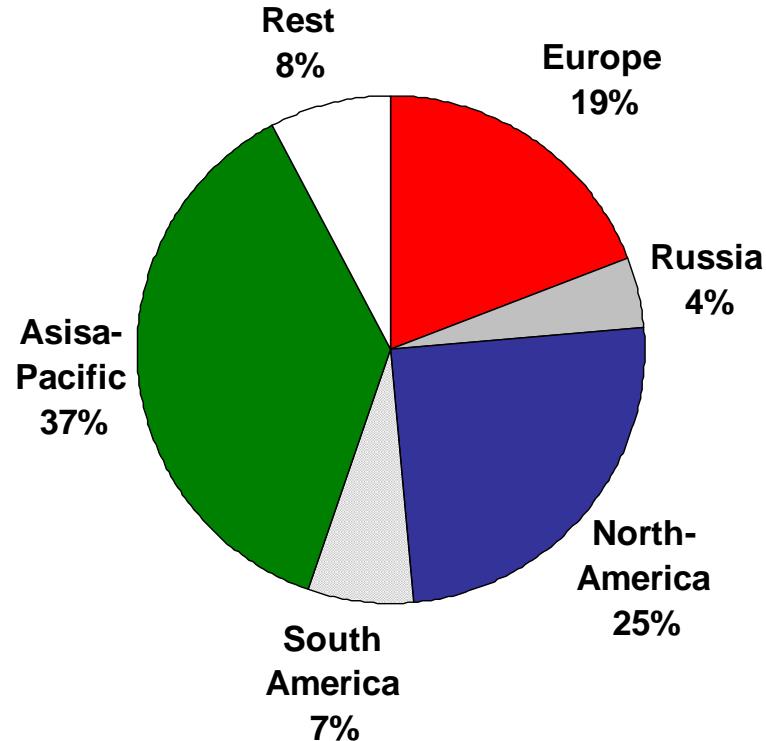
# World car market

2007 vs. 2012

2007: 58,9 Mio. cars



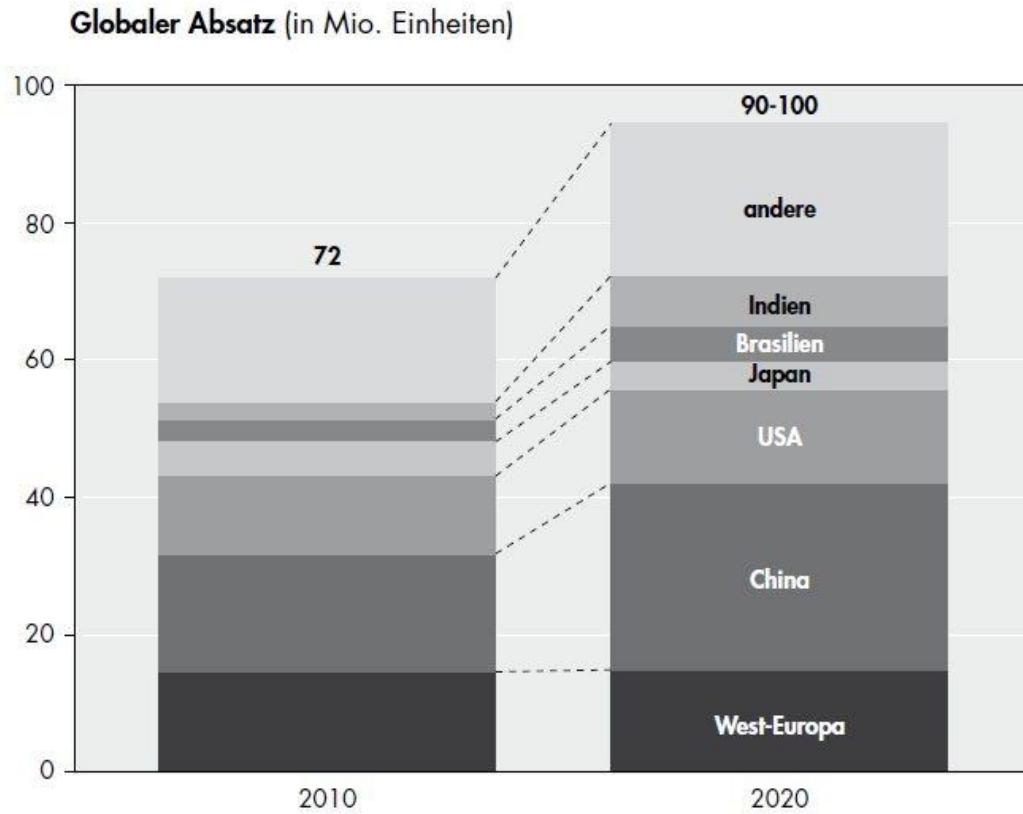
2012: 67,7 Mio. cars



source: OEM's, VDA, KBA, IG Metall

# key drivers for longterm developments

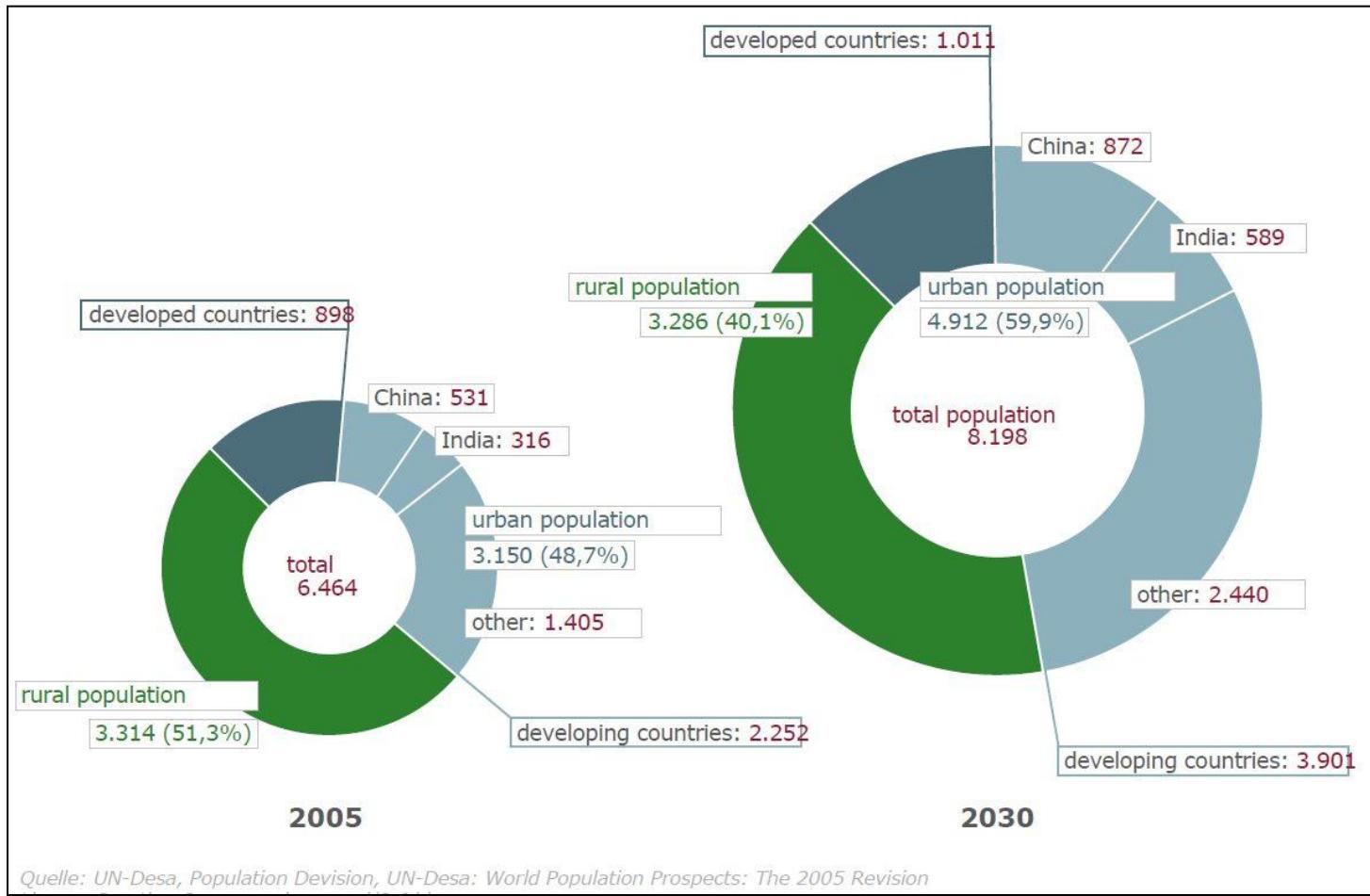
- ➊ Midterm growth of the world car market,  
mainly coming from „new markets“



Quelle: J.D. Power, Bain-Analyse

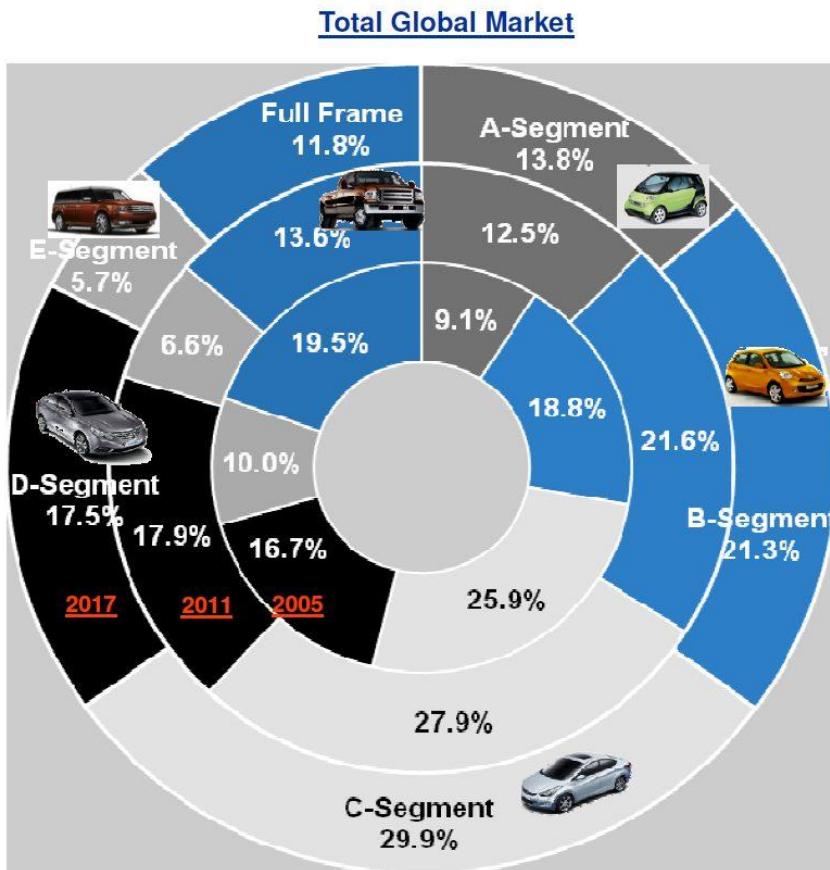
# key drivers for longterm developments

## ⌚ megacities / change of mobility concepts



# key drivers for longterm developments

## ⌚ trend to smaller cars



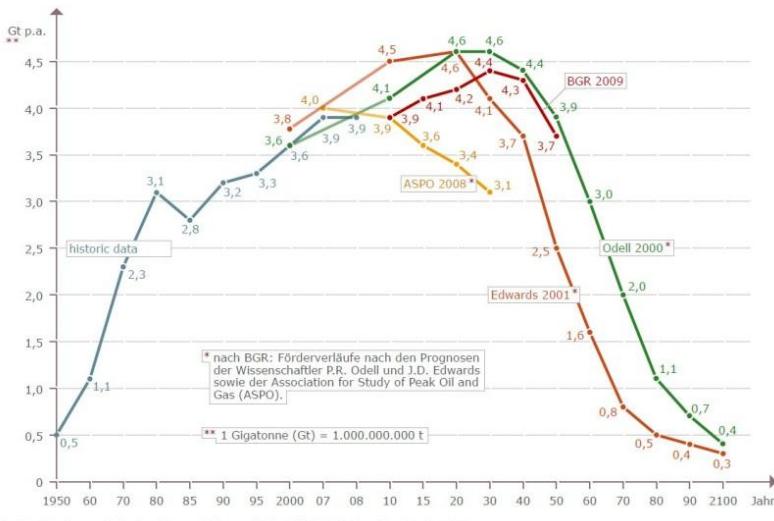
- Fully 75% of all vehicle output by 2017 in Emerging Markets is C-segment or smaller.
- The D-segment has almost half the share in Emerging Markets versus Developed Markets.
- The globe is ‘growing towards C segment – sizeable in China, Russia, Western Europe and North America
- Each global OEM has a slate of flexible B, C & D-segment platforms ranging from coupe through to MPV

Source: IHS

# key drivers for longterm developments

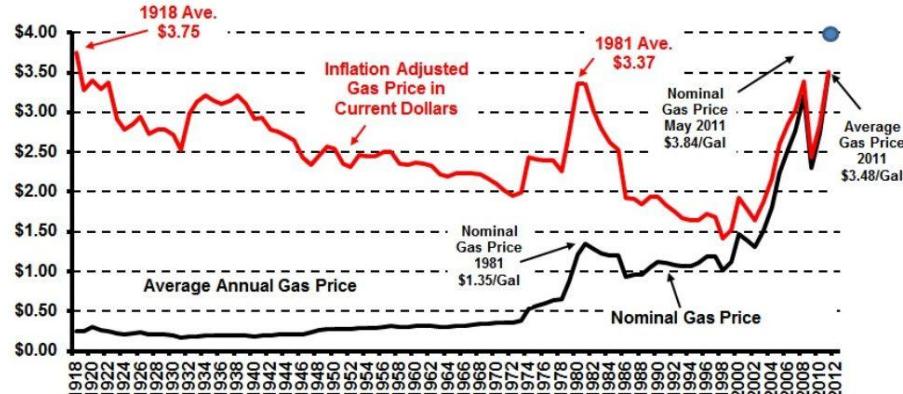
## availability and pricing of raw materials

### Peak Oil



### Annual Average Gasoline Prices

1918 - Current  
Adjusted for January 2012 Inflation  
© 2012 InflationData.com  
Prepared By Timothy McMahon  
Updated 2/27/12

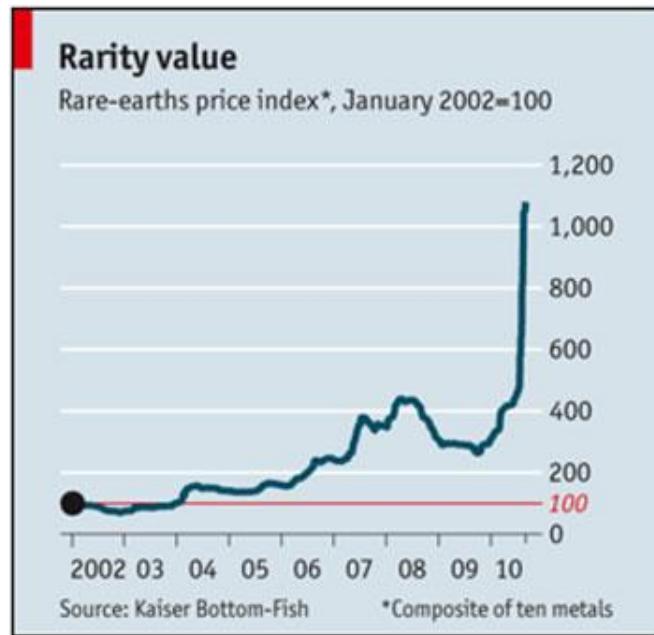


Note: Prices are Average Annual prices not Peak Prices  
so peaks are smoothed out considerably

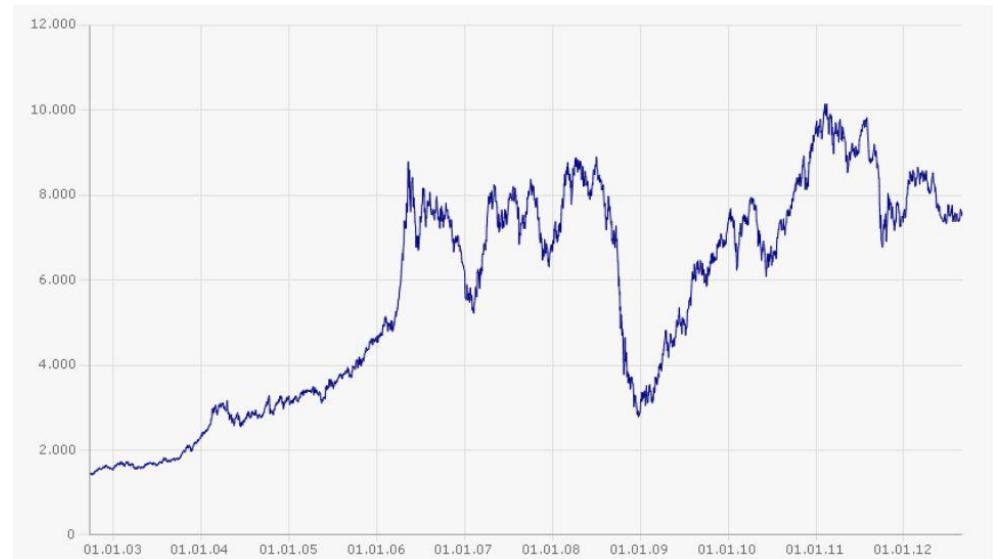
Source of Data: US Energy Information Administration  
CPI-U Inflation index- www.bls.gov

# key drivers for longterm developments

## ⌚ availability and pricing of raw materials

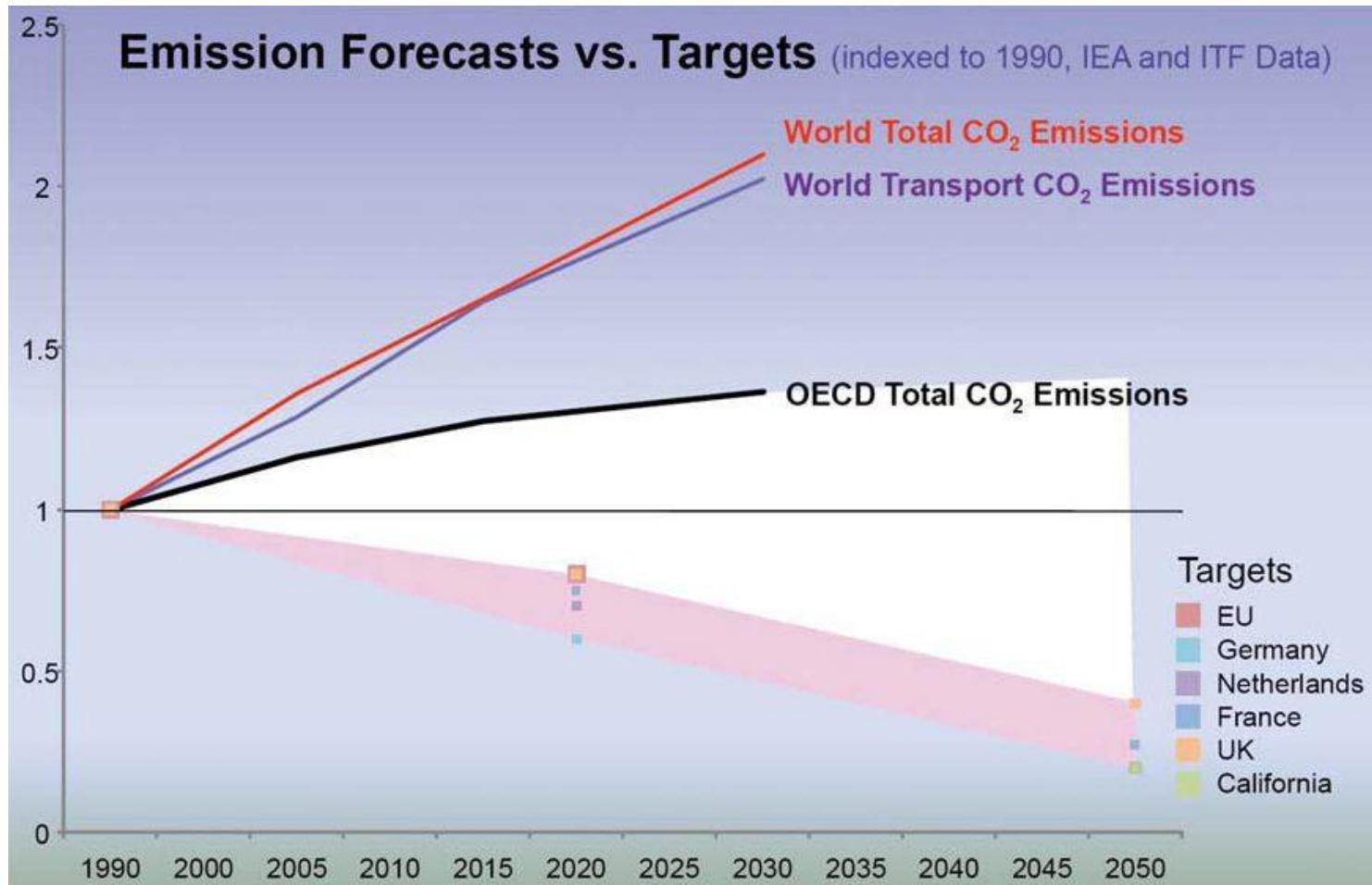


development of copper price



# key drivers for longterm developments

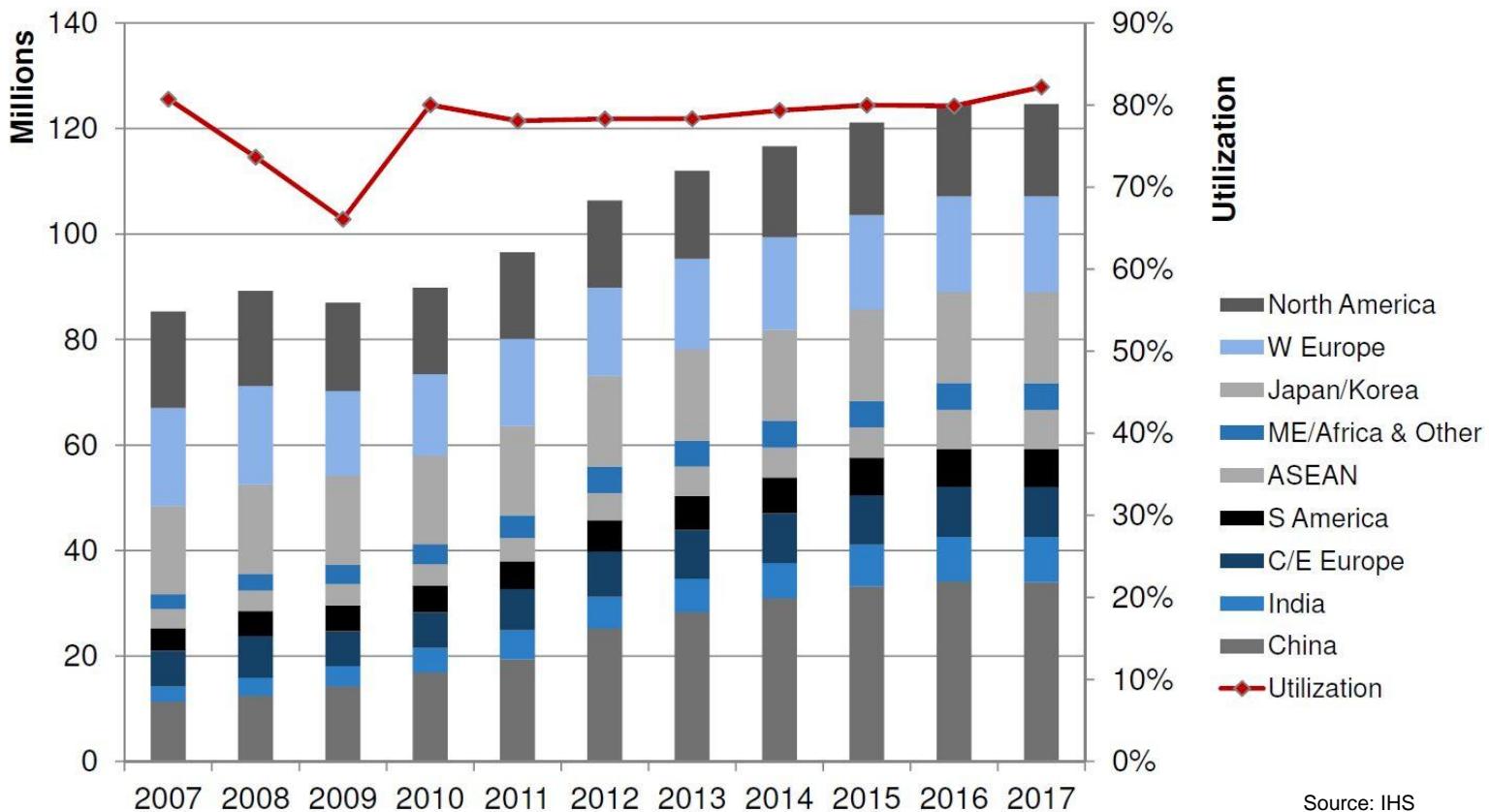
## climate change



# relocation of production

## ⌚ under- / overcapacities in car production

- plant closures in western europa, new plants in developing markets



Source: IHS

# key drivers for longterm developments

## ➡ new powertrain technologies

- ➡ hybrid, e-mobility
- ➡ currently high investments, market is cautious
- ➡ Hydrogen, fuelcell

## ➡ lightweight design and materials

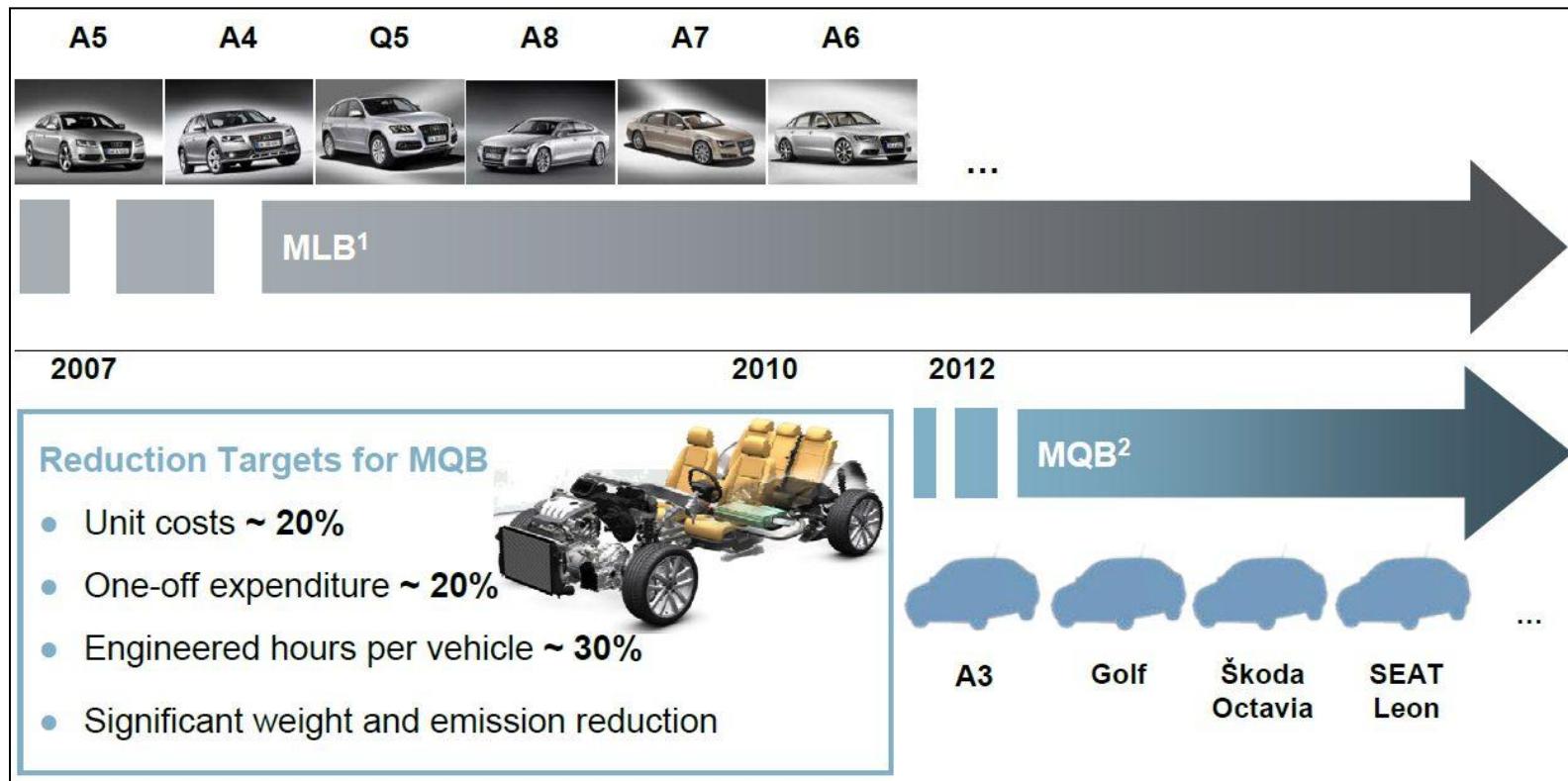
## ➡ further increase of electronics and information technology in cars

- Currently around 30% of total car value, estimated increase to 40% by 2015

# New manufacturing concepts

## ➡ new generation of platform-strategies

- Example: „Modularer Querbaukasten VW“



Source: VW

# challenges for trade unions

## conflicts in the supply-chain

permanent pressure on suppliers, difficult business attitudes

## structural changes of the workforce

Less workers in production, more jobs in product development

Move of jobs to suppliers and industrial services

## demographic change

changes affect both car buyers and car manufacturing

## permanent pressure on cost reduction

ongoing pressure on permanent increase of productivity, min. 5% per year

pressure on working conditions (concessions ..., increase working hours, reduce pay)

outsourcing and/or relocation of production

precarious working conditions / agency work

# challenges for trade unions

## Industry 3.0

Smart factory

further integration of manufacturing and information technology

internet of things



“Robotic technologies as digital instrumentation for older professionals (with 60 plus in the middle of their working-life) by portable sensors, actuators and embedded Computer in the clothing or Exoskeletons to increase their physical or cognitive performance and endurance“

Source: DFKI